

COTTON PLANTING WINDOWS AND KEY RMP TIMINGS FOR NORTHERN AUSTRALIA

2022/2023 QUICK GUIDE





PLANTING WINDOWS IN NORTHERN AUSTRALIA: QUICK GUIDE

WHAT IS A PLANTING WINDOW?

A planting window is a resistance management technique that restricts the period in which planting of a cotton crop containing Bollgard® 3 insect control technology can occur, with the aim of restricting the number of generations of *Helicoverpa* spp. exposed to Bollgard 3 cotton crops each season. Planting windows are an important part of the Bollgard 3 Resistance Management Plan (RMP), regulated by the Australian Pesticides & Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA).

HOW DO PLANTING WINDOWS WORK?

Planting within a window reduces the length of time that Bollgard 3 cotton will be in the ground and thus limits the number of generations of *Helicoverpa* spp. exposed to the Bt proteins produced by Bollgard 3 cotton during this time.

The greater the number of generations exposed to the Bt proteins, the greater the opportunity for resistance to develop.

COTTON PLANTING WINDOWS FOR NORTHERN AUSTRALIA

The table below outlines region specific planting windows, which requires all Bollgard 3 cotton crops to be watered up or planted into moisture by the designated date, unless otherwise advised by a "Bollgard 3 Planting Window Variation Notice".

Table 1. RMP specified planting windows for Northern Australia

Area	Planting window
Valleys within Northern Australia	Planted into moisture or watered-up in an 8-week window determined by Bayer and the TIMS Committee, between 1 December and 30 May.

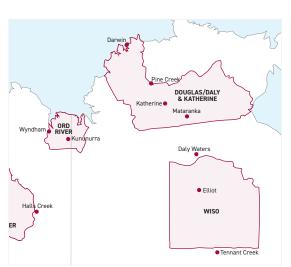
HOW MANY PLANTING WINDOWS DOES NORTHERN AUSTRALIA HAVE?

The Northern Australia valleys have been modified for the 2022/23 cotton season, please pay close attention to updated valley boundaries and the addition of new valleys.

Ord River/Sandy Desert/

 Fitzroy River
 Douglas/Daly & Katherine
 Mareeba/Dimbula
 Gilbert
 Flinders
 Burdekin

- · Leichardt River
- Normanby River





WHAT IS THE PROCESS FOR SETTING A PLANTING WINDOW?

Prior to planting cotton in Northern Australia, growers must check their valley planting window dates. To set planting window dates, the following process should be implemented:

Table 2. The process to set a planting window

If there is a Cotton Grower Association in place

- · The valley's Cotton Grower Association should determine an 8-week window that best meets the needs of growers.
- The CGA should inform Bayer via written notice of the desired planting window dates.
- · Bayer will then seek approval from TIMS.
- Bayer will communicate the window to growers and Technology Service Providers (TSPs) via a "Planting Window Notice" specifying the dates for that valley.
- · Growers must comply with this notice.

If there isn't a Cotton Grower Association in place

- Growers should contact their local TSP or Bayer to notify of preferred planting window dates.
- Bayer will work with local TSPs and TIMS to set a window that meets the needs of the majority of growers.
- Bayer will communicate the window to growers and TSPs via a "Planting Window Notice" specifying the dates for that valley.
- Growers must comply with this notice.

REFUGE AND TRAP CROP AREA REQUIREMENTS

Green Cotton Area	Required Refuge %		Required Trap Crop %		Required Hectares	
Bollgard 3	Pigeon Pea	RRF Cotton	Pigeon Pea	RRF Cotton	Refuge ha	Trap ha
100ha	2.50%	-	-	-	2.5	-
100ha	-	5%	1%	-	5	1
Dryland 100ha	-	5%	-	2%	5	2

^{**}Trap Crop will be managed under a Resistance Risk Management Plan (RRMP)

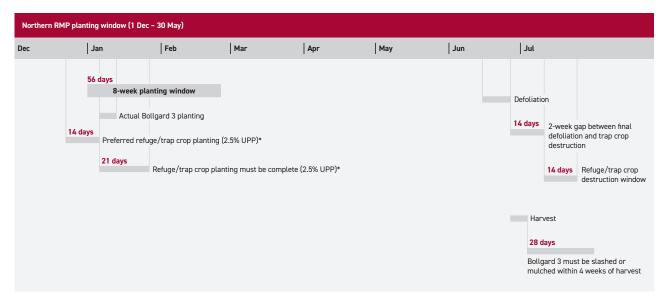
- Dryland Refuge and Trap crop cannot cover irrigated Bollgard 3
- Irrigated Refuge and Trap Crop can cover dryland Bollgard 3
- · Minimum refuge requirements apply, please refer to www.bollgard3.com.au

KEY RMP TIMINGS

- Refuges must be planted in the same row configuration as Bollgard 3 crops (i.e. solid plant irrigated Bollgard 3 cotton must have an associated irrigated and solid plant refuge crop).
- It is recommended that all refuge is planted within the 2-week period prior to planting Bollgard 3.
- If planting a separate trap crop, it should preferably be planted 4 weeks after the associated Bollgard 3.
- Pigeon pea trap crops must be irrigated*

Full unsprayed pigeon pea (UPP) refuge also utilised as trap crop

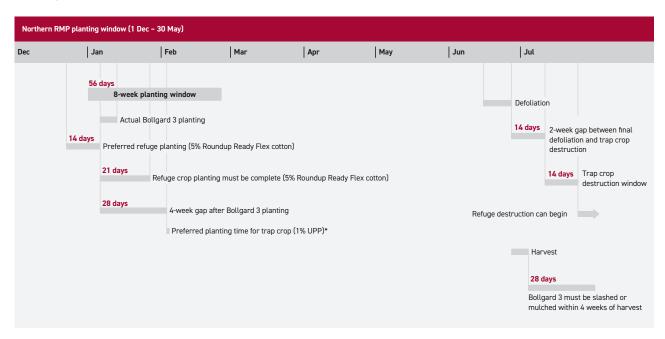
Dates are provided as an example only to demonstrate the relationship between planting/defoliation/harvest operations and RMP requirements.



^{*}If pigeon pea refuge is dryland, and the grower would like to use this entire refuge as their trap crop as well, they must first seek Bayer approval.

Unsprayed conventional cotton refuge (Roundup Ready Flex® cotton) & unsprayed pigeon pea trap crop

Dates are provided as an example only to demonstrate the relationship between planting/defoliation/harvest operations and RMP requirements.



^{*}If grower wishes to plant a dryland pigeon pea trap crop, they must seek Bayer approval first

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